

ཡོན་ཏན་རིན་ཆེན་མེ་ཏོག་ཀུན་ཏུ་རྒྱས་པས་ལུས་པ།

The Questions of Guṇaratnasaṅkusumita

Guṇaratnasaṅkusumitaparipṛcchā

འཕགས་པ་ཡོན་ཏན་རིན་ཆེན་མེ་རྟོག་ཀུན་ཏུ་རྒྱས་པས་ལུས་པ་ཞེས་བྱ་བ་ཐེག་པ་ཆེན་པོའི་མདོ།

'phags pa yon tan rin chen me tog kun tu rgyas pas zhus pa zhes bya ba theg pa chen po'i mdo

The Noble Great Vehicle Sūtra “The Questions of Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita”

Āryaguṇaratnasāṅkusumitapariṣcchānāmamahāyānasūtra



Toh 78

Degé Kangyur, vol. 43 (dkon brtsegs, ca), folios 261.b–266.b.

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co.

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s.

SUMMARY

- s.1 In *The Questions of Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita*, the sūtra's interlocutor, Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, asks the Buddha Śākyamuni whether there might be other buddhas in other realms whose names carry the power to produce awakening. The Buddha responds that there are, in fact, buddhas whose names are so efficacious that simply by remembering them, the disciple will be awakened. The Buddha then names the buddhas of the ten directions, their worlds and eons, and the specific effects that knowing each of their names will have on disciples with faith.

ac.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- ac.1 This text was translated by the Dharmachakra Translation Committee under the supervision of Chokyi Nyima Rinpoche. Benjamin Ewing translated the text from Tibetan into English and wrote the introduction. Andreas Doctor compared the draft translation with the original Tibetan and edited the text.

The translation was completed under the patronage and supervision of 84000: Translating the Words of the Buddha.

i.

INTRODUCTION

i.1

The Questions of Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita is primarily concerned with the benefits that arise from remembering the names of various buddhas in different realms. Like many sūtras, this scripture begins with an interlocutor raising a question to the Buddha Śākyamuni. In this case it is the bodhisattva Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, who asks whether there are buddhas whose very names carry such transformative power as to elevate the beings who hear these names to buddhahood. Śākyamuni replies that there are ten buddhas whose names hold such power. The sūtra continues with the Buddha naming and describing these buddhas and their realms, as well as declaring the specific effects that knowledge of their names ensures. The buddhas are described as residing in each of the ten directions and, while some of their names appear in other sūtras, most of them appear to be unique to this scripture, as are the names of their realms.

i.2

The notion that a disciple can become destined for awakening merely by recalling the names of buddhas who live in other realms appears in a number of Great Vehicle sūtras. In the Tibetan Kangyur these sūtras are found scattered throughout the sūtra collections. While a number of organizing principles were employed when the editors of the Kangyur structured this collection, the texts concerned with the liberating effects of the names of various buddhas were, however, not grouped based on this subject matter but instead were dispersed throughout the sūtra collections following other editorial priorities.

i.3

While *The Questions of Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita* is a member of the Ratnakūṭa collection, a slightly different version of this sūtra also appears in the general sūtra section under the title *The Ten Buddhas*. These two texts are identical in most respects, but in several instances the names of the various world systems, eons, and buddhas differ, sometimes in part, sometimes entirely. The summary verses, which appear after each presentation of the individual buddhas, are also, for the most part, different in the two texts. Interestingly,

although both texts attest to having been translated into Tibetan by the same group of people, it appears that the inclusion of *The Ten Buddhas* into the canon may have occurred at a later time, since *The Questions of Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita* is listed in the earliest catalog of Tibetan translations, the Denkarma (*ldan dkar ma*), while *The Ten Buddhas* is not.¹ Regardless of these historical uncertainties, both of these sūtras are good representatives of the genre of Great Vehicle literature in which the virtues embodied in the names of the buddhas are extolled and declared to guarantee a future awakening for all who remember them.

i.4 *The Questions of Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita* is no longer extant in Sanskrit but is included in the Chinese canon.² It was translated into Chinese sometime between 706 and 713 CE by Bodhiruci (d. 727), a renowned translator from South India (who is not to be confused with another famous Indian translator of the same name who was active in China two centuries earlier). This Bodhiruci is responsible for translating much of the Ratnakūṭa collection, among other texts.³ In Tibet *The Questions of Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita* was among the many Great Vehicle sūtras that were brought into the country in the late eighth and early ninth centuries, during the imperial period in which the majority of the sūtras in the Tibetan canon were translated. The translation is attributed to the well-known Indian scholars Prajñāvarman and Jinamitra, along with the prolific Tibetan chief editor-translator Yeshé Dé. The English translation presented here was based primarily on the Tibetan Degé edition, in consultation with the Comparative Edition (*dpe bsdur ma*) and the Stok Palace manuscript edition.

tr.

THE TRANSLATION

The Noble Great Vehicle Sūtra

The Questions of Guṇaratnasaṅkusumita

- 1.1 [F.261.b] Homage to all buddhas and bodhisattvas. [F.262.a]
- 1.2 Thus did I hear at one time. The Blessed One was residing at Vulture Peak Mountain in Rājagṛha together with a great assembly of one thousand two hundred fifty monks and many thousands of bodhisattvas. Included in the assembly at that time was a bodhisattva great being, a Licchavi prince from the city of Vaiśālī named Guṇaratnasaṅkusumita. The bodhisattva great being Guṇaratnasaṅkusumita rose from his seat, draped his upper robe over one shoulder, and knelt with his right knee on the ground. With joined palms, he bowed toward the Blessed One and inquired, “If the Blessed One would grant me the opportunity to request instruction, I would like to ask a question of the honored, blessed, thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha.”
- 1.3 The Blessed One replied to the bodhisattva great being Guṇaratnasaṅkusumita, “Guṇaratnasaṅkusumita, do ask the thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha whatever you wish. Then I will address your questions and set your mind at ease.”
- 1.4 The bodhisattva great being Guṇaratnasaṅkusumita then asked the Blessed One, “Blessed One, are there presently blessed buddhas residing alive and well in other world systems whose names, when remembered, cause noble sons and daughters [F.262.b] to swiftly and fully awaken to unexcelled and perfect buddhahood?”
- 1.5 “Very good, Guṇaratnasaṅkusumita,” the Blessed One responded to the bodhisattva great being Guṇaratnasaṅkusumita, “very good! Guṇaratnasaṅkusumita, your motivation for asking this question of the Thus-Gone One is to benefit and bring happiness to many beings now and in the future. You have asked this question out of love for the world and to benefit, help, and bring happiness to bodhisattvas, gods, and humans. Very good, Guṇaratnasaṅkusumita! Therefore, Guṇaratnasaṅkusumita, listen well and pay attention. I will explain it to you.”
- “Blessed One, I shall do that!” said the bodhisattva great being Guṇaratnasaṅkusumita, and he listened as the Blessed One had instructed.

- 1.6 The Blessed One said, “Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, to the east of here is a world system known as Arrayed with the Qualities of All Phenomena. There the thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha Array of Immense Precious Qualities Like the King of Splendor currently resides, alive and well. That eon is known as Gathering of Complete Abundance. There, the lifespan of sentient beings is immeasurable. That blessed one’s full retinue of bodhisattvas is also innumerable. When faithful noble sons and daughters remember the name of the blessed, thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha Array of Immense Precious Qualities Like the King of Splendor, [F.263.a] sixty thousand eons of wandering in cyclic existence are negated.
- 1.7 “From their next lives onward, they will attain the *dhāraṇī* called *unhindered teaching*. They will be provided with the eloquence of⁴ the blessed buddhas in a hundred million buddhafiels. When they teach the Dharma, they will have no trepidation. Regarding this, it is said:
- 1.8 “ ‘Those who speak this buddha’s name
Will quickly manifest these qualities.
For them, even better things will occur,
And unsurpassed awakening will not be difficult.’
- 1.9 “Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, to the south of here is a world system known as Arrayed with Precious Qualities. There, the thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha King of Splendor Arrayed with the Glory of Precious Qualities currently resides, alive and well. That eon is known as Flourishing Qualities. The faithful noble sons and daughters who remember the name of the blessed, thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha King of Splendor Arrayed with the Glory of Precious Qualities will, immediately in their next lives, attain the absorption known as *the sun disk’s universal illumination*. They will also attain an array of the immeasurable qualities of the buddhafiels. Immediately in their next lives they will attain the thirty-two marks of a great being. They will be born into the buddhafiels of their aspiration prayers. Since for them only a single rebirth remains, they will fully awaken to unexcelled and perfect buddhahood. They will also achieve unceasing eloquence. Regarding this, it is said: [F.263.b]
- 1.10 “ ‘Those who speak this buddha’s name
Will manifest inconceivable absorptions.
They will attain bodies endowed with the thirty-two marks,
And they will be just one rebirth away from awakening.’
- 1.11 “Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, to the west of here is a world system known as Free of All Misery and Darkness. There, the thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha Glorious Array of Eloquence in All Teachings currently resides,

alive and well. That eon is known as Beautiful Śākya. The faithful noble sons and daughters who remember the name of the blessed, thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha Glorious Array of Eloquence in All Teachings will not meet their deaths because of a blade. Furthermore, they will not meet their deaths because of poison, water, or fire, and they will have a miraculous rebirth. Immediately in their next lives they will attain the dhāraṇī called *one hundred powers*. Regarding this, it is said:

- 1.12 “ ‘Those who speak this buddha’s name
Will not perish by fire,
Or by blade, water, or poison;
They will have only miraculous rebirths.’
- 1.13 “Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, to the north of here is a world system known as Free of Darkness and Gloom. There, the thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha Intelligence Arrayed with Immeasurable Eloquence currently resides, alive and well. That eon is known as Holding Great Renown. The faithful noble sons and daughters who remember the name of the blessed, thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha Intelligence Arrayed with Immeasurable Eloquence [F.264.a] will please tens of billions of buddhas. They will attain the dhāraṇī called *following everywhere*, as well as the dhāraṇī known as *inexhaustible casket*, and will subsequently fully awaken to unexcelled and perfect buddhahood. They will not be born into the three lower realms. They will liberate all beings in the lower realms of whichever buddhafiels they are born into as they engage in the conduct of bodhisattvas. They will never regress in their progress toward unexcelled and perfect buddhahood. Regarding this, it is said:
- 1.14 “ ‘Those who speak the name of this buddha
Will have incalculable qualities
And will undoubtedly attain buddhahood.
Without a doubt, dhāraṇīs will arise for them.’
- 1.15 “Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, to the southeast of here is a world system known as Very Beautiful Array. There, the thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha King of the Sound of a Thousand Thunderclaps currently resides, alive and well. That eon is known as Emergence of Qualities. The faithful noble sons and daughters who remember the name of the blessed, thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha King of the Sound of a Thousand Thunderclaps will, immediately in their next lives, attain the fourfold fearlessness, the four bases of miraculous powers, and great love, as well as great compassion. They will attain the eighteen unique qualities of the buddhas. They will

attain the array of qualities just as they are in the buddhafiield of the Thus-Gone One Amitāyus. Following a female birth, [F.264.b] they will be born into the body of a man. Regarding this, it is said:

- 1.16 “ ‘Any bodhisattvas who remember this victor’s name
Will always attain these qualities
And inconceivably many others.
Those bodhisattvas will behold many buddhas.’
- 1.17 “Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, to the southwest of here is a world system known as Immeasurable Array. There, the thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha Glorious Supremely Golden Light resides, alive and well. That eon is known as Creation of All Qualities. The faithful noble sons and daughters who remember the name of the blessed, thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha Glorious Supremely Golden Light please ninety million blessed buddhas just by hearing that name. They will attain the absorption known as *elevating all beings to greatness*. Why is it called *elevating all beings to greatness*? When a noble son or daughter rests in this absorption, subsequently teaches the Dharma, and attains the nature of that absorption while teaching the Dharma, it brings happiness to all beings within the world systems of a great trichiliocosm. For example, this is just like how all beings in the buddhafiield of the thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha Manojña attain happiness together, and how all the beings in the lower realms there are freed, and how after being freed from the lower realms they attain the bodies of gods and humans and are certain to attain unexcelled and perfect buddhahood. [F.265.a] Regarding this, it is said:
- 1.18 “ ‘Those who remember the name Glorious Supremely Golden Light
Will, in all lives, have no trouble becoming
Mighty lords with glorious and radiant appearances.⁵
Their minds will become unobstructed and limitless.’
- 1.19 “Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, to the northwest of here is a world system known as Free of Evil Deeds. There, the thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha King of Splendor with Many Glorious Appearances resides, alive and well. That eon is known as Flourishing of Householders. The faithful noble sons and daughters who remember the name of the blessed, thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha King of Splendor with Many Glorious Appearances will, immediately in their next lives, attain the dhāraṇī called *array of immeasurable eloquence*. With little effort, they will come to possess the array of qualities of the buddhafiield of the thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha Amitāyus. They will hear the discourses of eight hundred million buddhas and remember them. Regarding this, it is said:

- 1.20 “Those who remember the glorious name of this victor
Will gain boundless life and understanding of the Dharma
In the buddhahood of Amitāyus.
With just a single rebirth remaining, they will awaken to perfect
buddhahood.’
- 1.21 “Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, to the northeast of here is a world system known
as Transcending All Misery. There, the thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha
He Who Attained Awakening after Countless Millions of Eons resides, alive
and well. That eon [F.265.b] is known as Array of Eloquence. The faithful
noble sons and daughters who remember the name of the blessed, thus-
gone, worthy, perfect Buddha He Who Attained Awakening after Countless
Millions of Eons will, immediately in their next lives, attain the excellent
eloquence of speech endowed with the sixty qualities, and they will attain
the development of roots of virtue before eight hundred million buddhas.
Regarding this, it is said:
- 1.22 “Endowed with the excellent sixty qualities of speech,
As well as an understanding that is perfected,
They will attain the inconceivable merit
Of worshipping eighty million victors.’
- 1.23 “Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, above here is a world system known as Splendor
Arrayed with Immeasurable Qualities. There the thus-gone, worthy, perfect
Buddha Array of Light Constantly Proclaiming Pure Gold and Space abides,
alive and well. That eon is known as Attaining the Immeasurable. The
faithful noble sons and daughters who remember the name of the blessed,
thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha Array of Light Constantly Proclaiming
Pure Gold and Space purify an immeasurable aggregate of discipline. They
also purify an immeasurable aggregate of absorption, an immeasurable
aggregate of insight, an immeasurable aggregate of liberation, and an
immeasurable aggregate of liberated wisdom vision. They will also progress
through the levels. They will attain speech that is worthy of being accepted.
[F.266.a] They will attain excellent eloquence free from hesitation. They will
swiftly and fully awaken to unexcelled and perfect buddhahood. They will
understand the symbols of letters and sounds. They will attain lofty castes
and exalted lineages. They will attain the five superknowledges. They will
remember their former lives. They will attain the eighteen unique qualities of
the buddhas. Regarding this, it is said:
- 1.24 “Those who remember the supreme name of this victor
Will attain perfect speech endowed with the eight aspects,
And they will never be reborn where there is no buddha.

Such individuals will awaken to buddhahood without hindrance.’

- 1.25 “Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, below here is a world system known as Delighting in Inseparability. There, the thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha Splendorous Light Manifesting in the Manner of All Phenomena abides, alive and well. That eon is known as Gathering of Wisdom. The faithful noble sons and daughters who remember the name of the blessed, thus-gone, worthy, perfect Buddha Splendorous Light Manifesting in the Manner of All Phenomena will, immediately in their next lives, attain the dhāraṇī called *accomplishing buddhahood*. With just one rebirth remaining, they will fully awaken to unexcelled and perfect buddhahood. They will hear the Dharma teachings of ninety million buddhas, and, upon hearing them, they will remember them all. Regarding this, it is said:
- 1.26 “ ‘Those who remember the name of this buddha [F.266.b] Will hear the teachings of ninety million buddhas, Will have just one birth remaining, And will fully awaken to unexcelled and perfect buddhahood.’ ”
- 1.27 Then the bodhisattva great being Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, as well as the bodhisattva great being Eloquent Voice Endowed with All Precious Qualities, attained dhāraṇī. Eighty million bodhisattvas attained the level of progressing irreversibly toward unexcelled and perfect awakening, and thirty thousand gods and humans aroused the mind set upon unexcelled and perfect awakening.⁶
- 1.28 After the Blessed One said those words, the bodhisattva great being Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita, the entire assembly, and the world with its gods, humans, asuras, and gandharvas rejoiced and praised the Buddha’s words.
- 1.29 *This concludes the section of “The Questions of Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita,” the thirty-fourth section of “The Noble Dharma Discourse, the Great Heap of Jewels,” in one hundred thousand sections.*

c.

Colophon

- c.1 This text was translated, edited, and finalized by the Indian scholars Jinamitra and Prajñāvarman, as well as the chief editor-translator Venerable Yeshé Dé and others.

n.

NOTES

- n.1 In the Denkarma, *The Questions of Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita* is included in the Ratnakūṭa section. See Denkarma, 296.a7 and Herrmann-Pfandt 2008, 33–34 (no. 58).
- n.2 *Gongde bao hua fu pusa hui* 功德寶花敷菩薩會 (Taishō 310 [34]). For more information on this version of the sūtra, see Lewis R. Lancaster, “K 22(34) (http://www.acmuller.net/descriptive_catalogue/files/k0022-34.html),” *The Korean Buddhist Canon*.
- n.3 Buswell and Lopez 2013, 133.
- n.4 Reading *rnams kyī* as in Yongle and Kangxi, rather than *rnams kyis* as in Degé.
- n.5 Translation tentative. Tibetan: *de la gzi brjid dpal mdog stobs dbang po*.
- n.6 The Tibetan text indicates the end of the Buddha’s speech here. However, we have tentatively marked the final verse just above as the end of the Buddha’s speech, to better fit the narrative. This anomaly and the preceding note may point to some form of manuscript corruption, either in the Tibetan transmission of this sūtra or its preceding history.

b.

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g.

GLOSSARY

g.1

Absorption

ting nge 'dzin

ཉིང་རེ་འཛིན།

samādhi

A state of mental absorption or one-pointed concentration.

g.2

Aggregate of absorption

ting nge 'dzin kyi phung po

ཉིང་རེ་འཛིན་གྱི་སྤུང་པོ།

samādhiskandha

Second of the five pure aggregates.

g.3

Aggregate of discipline

tshul khrims kyi phung po

ཚུལ་ཁྲིམས་གྱི་སྤུང་པོ།

śīlaskandha

First of the five pure aggregates.

g.4

Aggregate of insight

shes rab kyi phung po

ཤེས་རབ་གྱི་སྤུང་པོ།

prajñāskandha

Third of the five pure aggregates.

g.5

Aggregate of liberated wisdom vision

rnam par grol ba'i ye shes mthong ba'i phung po

རྣམ་པར་གྲོལ་བའི་ཡེ་ཤེས་མཐོང་བའི་སྤུང་པོ།

vimuktijñānadarśanaskandha

Fifth of the five pure aggregates.

- g.6 Aggregate of liberation
rnam par grol ba'i phung po
 རྣམ་པར་གྲོལ་བའི་སྤུང་པོ།
vimuktiskandha
 Fourth of the five pure aggregates.
- g.7 Amitāyus
tshe dpag med
 ཚེ་དཔག་མེད།
Amitāyus
 The buddha associated with longevity.
- g.8 Array of Eloquence
spobs pa bkod
 སྐོབས་པ་བཀོད།
 —
 The name of an eon in which the Buddha He Who Attained Awakening after Countless Millions of Eons resides.
- g.9 Array of Immense Precious Qualities Like the King of Splendor
yon tan rin chen dpag tu med pa bkod pa'i gzi brjid kyi rgyal po lta bu
 ཡོན་ཏན་རིན་ཆེན་དཔག་ཏུ་མེད་པ་བཀོད་པའི་གཟི་བརྗིད་ཀྱི་རྒྱལ་པོ་ལྷ་བུ།
 —
 The name of a buddha in the eastern direction.
- g.10 Array of Light Constantly Proclaiming Pure Gold and Space
gser bzang po dang nam mkha' nges par sgrogs pa bkod pa'i 'od
 གསེར་བཟང་པོ་དང་ནམ་མཁའ་ངེས་པར་སྒྲོགས་པ་བཀོད་པའི་འོད།
 —
 The name of a buddha in the above direction.
- g.11 Arrayed with Precious Qualities
yon tan rin chen bkod pa'i 'jig rten gyi khams
 ཡོན་ཏན་རིན་ཆེན་བཀོད་པའི་འཇིག་རྟེན་གྱི་ཁམས།
 —
 The name of a world system in the southern direction.
- g.12 Arrayed with the Qualities of All Phenomena
chos thams cad kyi yon tan bkod pa'i 'jig rten gyi khams
 ཚོས་ཐམས་ཅད་ཀྱི་ཡོན་ཏན་བཀོད་པའི་འཇིག་རྟེན་གྱི་ཁམས།
 —
 The name of a world system in the eastern direction.

- g.13 Asura
lha ma yin
 ལྷ་མ་ཡིན།
asura
 The asuras, sometimes called the demigods or titans, are the enemies of the devas, fighting with them for supremacy. They are powerful beings who live around Mount Sumeru and are usually classified as belonging to the higher realms.
- g.14 Attaining the Immeasurable
tshad med len
 ཚད་མེད་ལེན།
 —
 The name of an eon in which the Buddha Array of Light Constantly Proclaiming Pure Gold and Space abides.
- g.15 Bases of miraculous powers
rdzu 'phrul gyi rkang pa
 རྩུ་འཕུལ་གྱི་རྐང་པ།
rddhipāda
 These are determination, discernment, diligence, and meditative concentration.
- g.16 Beautiful Śākya
shAkya mngon par mdzes pa
 །ལྷན་མངོན་པར་མཛོས་པ།
 —
 The name of an eon in which the Buddha Glorious Array of Eloquence in All Teachings resides.
- g.17 Creation of All Qualities
chos thams cad yang dag par skyed pa
 ཚོས་བམས་ཅད་ཡང་དག་པར་སྐྱེད་པ།
 —
 The name of an eon in which the Buddha Glorious Supremely Golden Light resides.
- g.18 Delighting in Inseparability
tha dad pa med pa nyid la dga' ba
 ཐ་དད་པ་མེད་པ་ཉིད་ལ་དགའ་བ།
 —
 The name of a world system in the below direction.
- g.19 Dhāraṇī
gzungs
 གཟུངས།
dhāraṇī

This term is used in various ways. For instance, it refers to the mental capacity of not forgetting, enabling one in particular to cultivate positive forces and to ward off negativity. It is also very commonly used as a term for mystical verses similar to mantras, the usage of which will grant a particular power.

g.20 Eighteen unique qualities of the buddhas

sangs rgyas kyi chos ma 'dres pa bco brgyad

སངས་རྒྱས་ཀྱི་ཚོས་མ་འདྲེས་པ་བཙེ་བ་བརྒྱད།

aṣṭādaśāveṇikabuddhadharma

Eighteen special features of a buddha's physical state, realization, activity, and wisdom that are not shared by ordinary beings.

g.21 Eloquent Voice Endowed with All Precious Qualities

yon tan rin chen thams cad dang ldan pa'i spobs pa'i skad

ཡོན་ཏན་རིན་ཆེན་ཐམས་ཅད་དང་ལྷན་པའི་སྲོབས་པའི་སྐད།

—

A bodhisattva.

g.22 Emergence of Qualities

yon tan 'byung ba

ཡོན་ཏན་འབྱུང་བ།

—

The name of an eon in which the Buddha King of the Sound of a Thousand Thunderclaps resides.

g.23 Five superknowledges

mngon par shes pa lnga

མངོན་པར་ཤེས་པ་ལྔ།

pañcābhijñā

Five supernatural faculties result from meditative concentration: divine sight, divine hearing, knowing others' minds, recollecting past lives, and the ability to perform miracles.

g.24 Flourishing of Householders

khyim rgyas

ཁྱིམ་རྒྱས།

—

The name of an eon in which the Buddha King of Splendor with Many Glorious Appearances resides.

g.25 Flourishing Qualities

yon tan rgyas pa

ཡོན་ཏན་རྒྱས་པ།

—

The name of an eon in which the Buddha King of Splendor Arrayed with the Glory of Precious Qualities resides.

- g.26 Fourfold fearlessness
mi 'jigs pa bzhi
 མི་འཇིགས་པ་བཞི།
caturabhaya
 Fearlessness in declaring that one has (1) awakened, (2) ceased all illusions, (3) taught the obstacles to awakening, and (4) shown the way to liberation.
- g.27 Free of All Misery and Darkness
mya ngan dang mun pa thams cad dang bral ba'i 'jig rten
 མྱ་ངན་དང་སྐྱུན་པ་ཐམས་ཅད་དང་བྲལ་བའི་འཇིག་རྟེན།
 —
 The name of a world system in the western direction.
- g.28 Free of Darkness and Gloom
mun pa dang rdul dang bral ba
 སྐྱུན་པ་དང་རྩལ་དང་བྲལ་བ།
 —
 The name of a world system in the northern direction.
- g.29 Free of Evil Deeds
sdig pa dang bral ba
 སྤིག་པ་དང་བྲལ་བ།
 —
 The name of a world system in the northwestern direction.
- g.30 Gandharva
dri za
 འྲི་ཟ།
gandharva
 A class of semidivine beings sometimes referred to as heavenly musicians.
- g.31 Gathering of Complete Abundance
rgyas pa thams cad kun nas bsdus pa
 རྒྱས་པ་ཐམས་ཅད་ཀུན་ནས་བསྐྱུས་པ།
 —
 The name of an eon in which the Buddha Array of Immense Precious Qualities Like the King of Splendor resides.
- g.32 Gathering of Wisdom
ye shes kun nas bsdus pa
 ཡེ་ཤེས་ཀུན་ནས་བསྐྱུས་པ།
 —

The name of an eon in which the Buddha Splendorous Light Manifesting in the Manner of All Phenomena resides.

g.33 Glorious Array of Eloquence in All Teachings

chos thams cad la spobs pa bkod pa'i dpal

ཚོས་ཐམས་ཅད་ལ་སྒྲོབས་པ་བཀོད་པའི་དཔལ།

—

The name of a buddha in the western direction.

g.34 Glorious Supremely Golden Light

gser mchog 'od dpal

གསེར་མཚོག་འོད་དཔལ།

—

The name of a buddha in the southwestern direction.

g.35 Great trichiliocosm

stong gsum gyi stong chen po

སྟོང་གསུམ་གྱི་སྟོང་ཆེན་པོ།

trisāhasramahāsāhasralokadhātu

The largest universe spoken of in Buddhist cosmology, consisting of one billion worlds.

g.36 Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita

yon tan rin chen me tog kun tu rgyas pa

ཡོན་ཏན་རིན་ཆེན་མེ་ཏོག་ཀུན་ཏུ་རྒྱས་པ།

Guṇaratnasāṅkusumita

The bodhisattva who requests this teaching.

g.37 He Who Attained Awakening after Countless Millions of Eons

bskal pa bye ba grangs med par byang chub yang dag par bsgrubs pa

བསྐླལ་པ་བྱེ་བ་གངས་མེད་པར་བྱང་རྒྱབ་ཡང་དག་པར་བསྐྱབས་པ།

—

The name of a buddha in the northeastern direction.

g.38 Holding Great Renown

grags pa chen po 'dzin pa

གྲགས་པ་ཆེན་པོ་འཛིན་པ།

—

The name of an eon in which the Buddha Intelligence Arrayed with Immeasurable Eloquence resides.

g.39 Immeasurable Array

bkod pa dpag tu med pa

བཀོད་པ་དཔག་ཏུ་མེད་པ།

—

The name of a world system in the southwestern direction.

g.40 Intelligence Arrayed with Immeasurable Eloquence

spobs pa dpag med bkod pa yang dag par spyod pa'i blo

སྐོབས་པ་དཔག་མེད་བཀོད་པ་ཡང་དག་པར་སྟོན་པའི་བློ།

—

The name of a buddha in the northern direction.

g.41 Jinamitra

dzi na mi tra

ཇི་ན་མི་ཏྲ།

Jinamitra

An Indian Kashmiri paṇḍita who was resident in Tibet during the late eighth and early ninth centuries. He worked with multiple Tibetan translators on the translation of several sūtras.

g.42 King of Splendor Arrayed with the Glory of Precious Qualities

yon tan rin chen dpal bkod pa'i gzi brjid kyi rgyal po lta bu

ཡོན་ཏན་རིན་ཆེན་དཔལ་བཀོད་པའི་གཟི་བརྗིད་ཀྱི་རྒྱལ་པོ་ལྷ་བུ།

—

The name of a buddha in the southern direction.

g.43 King of Splendor with Many Glorious Appearances

gzi brjid kyi rgyal po rnam mang dpal snang

གཟི་བརྗིད་ཀྱི་རྒྱལ་པོ་རྣམ་མང་དཔལ་སྐང།

—

The name of a buddha in the northwestern direction.

g.44 King of the Sound of a Thousand Thunderclaps

brug stong bgrags pa'i sgra skad kyi rgyal po

བྱུག་སྟོང་བགྲགས་པའི་སྐྱ་སྐད་ཀྱི་རྒྱལ་པོ།

—

The name of a buddha in the southeastern direction.

g.45 Licchavi

lid tsa byi

ལིད་ཙ་བྱི།

Licchavi

An ancient republican state, located in northern India.

g.46 Manojña

yid 'ong

ཡིད་འོང།

Manojña

The name of a buddha mentioned in the teaching.

g.47 Prajñāvarman
pra dz+nya bar ma

པ་རྫོག་པ་མཁེན་པ་

Prajñāvarman

A Bengali Buddhist writer who lived during the reigns of King Gopāla I of Bengal (750–75 CE) and King Trisong Detsen of Tibet (775–97 CE), under whose auspices he came to Tibet. He contributed to the translation of seventy-seven Buddhist works from Sanskrit into Tibetan and is the author of three commentaries preserved in the Tengyur.

g.48 Rājagṛha
rgyal po'i khab

རྒྱལ་པོའི་ཁབ།

Rājagṛha

The capital of the ancient kingdom of Magadha.

g.49 Speech endowed with the eight aspects
yan lag brgyad dbyangs

ཡན་ལག་བརྒྱད་དབྱངས།

—

The eight qualities of a buddha's voice are variously presented. According to the Pāli *Mahāgovindasutta* (*Dīghanikāya* 19) a buddha's voice is fluent, intelligible, sweet, audible, sustained, distinct, deep, and resonant.

g.50 Splendor Arrayed with Immeasurable Qualities
yon tan dpag tu med pa bkod pa'i gzi brjid

ཡོན་ཏན་དཔག་ཏུ་མེད་པ་བཀོད་པའི་གཟི་བརྗིད།

—

The name of a world system in the above direction.

g.51 Splendorous Light Manifesting in the Manner of All Phenomena
chos thams cad kyi tshul la rnam par 'phrul pa'i gzi brjid kyi 'od

ཚོས་ཐམས་ཅད་ཀྱི་ཚུལ་ལ་རྣམ་པར་འཕྲུལ་པའི་གཟི་བརྗིད་ཀྱི་འོད།

—

The name of a buddha in the below direction.

g.52 The sun disk's universal illumination
nyi ma'i dkyil 'khor gyi mtha' snang

ཉི་མའི་དཀྱིལ་འཁོར་གྱི་མཐའ་སྒྲང་།

—

The name of an absorption.

g.53 Transcending All Misery
mya ngan thams cad las rgal ba
མྱ་ངན་ཐམས་ཅད་ལས་རྒྱལ་བ།

—

The name of a world system in the northeastern direction.

g.54 Vaiśālī
yangs pa can
ཡངས་པ་ཅན།
Vaiśālī

The ancient capital of the Licchavi state. The Buddha visited this city several times during his lifetime.

g.55 Very Beautiful Array
shin tu mdzes pa'i bkod pa
ཤིན་ཏུ་མཛེས་པའི་བཀོད་པ།

—

The name of a world system in the southeastern direction.

g.56 Vulture Peak Mountain
bya rgod phung po'i ri
བྱ་རྗེད་ཕུང་པོའི་རི།
Gṛdhrakūṭaparvata

The mountain where many Great Vehicle teachings were delivered by the Buddha Śākyamuni.

g.57 Yeshé Dé
ye shes sde
ཡེ་ཤེས་སྡེ།

—

Tibetan translator who was active during the late eighth and early ninth centuries. He participated in the translation of more than two hundred texts.